

## **WEEK IN REVIEW:**

November 30, 1864: The Union Army of the Ohio, under Maj. Gen. John Schofield, defeats Confederate Gen. John B. Hood at the Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Schofield's force contained 26 Ohio infantry regiments, four artillery batteries and one cavalry regiment.

November 30, 1948: The shoulder sleeve insignia (SSI) authorized for the Army Element, Joint Force Headquarters Ohio is approved for Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, Ohio National Guard.

<u>December 1, 1942</u>: The **121st Air Refueling Wing** is organized in the Army Air Force at Hamilton Field, Calif. as the 357th Fighter Group. The group contained three units that were also organized on this date: the 362nd Fighter Squadron, currently the **162nd Reconnaissance Squadron**; 363rd Fighter Squadron, currently the **164th Airlift Squadron**; and the 364th Fighter Squadron, currently the **166th Air Refueling Squadron**.

<u>December 4, 1875</u>: **Company B, 1st Battalion, 145th Armored Regiment** is organized in Akron as the Akron City Guard.

<u>December 4, 1945</u>: The first troop ship carrying 37th Infantry Division Soldiers home from the Philippines arrives at San Francisco.

<u>December 4, 1969</u>: The shoulder sleeve insignia for the 16th Engineer Brigade is approved by The Institute of Heraldry.

## **UNIT EMBLEM**

166TH AIR REFUELING SQUADRON

The emblem depicts a crow riding a machine-gun equipped cobra and was originally authorized for the 364th Fighter Squadron on Aug. 24, 1943. The 364th was one of the Army Air Force units to be equipped with the Bell P-39 "Airacobra", which the emblem personifies. When the squadron was allotted to the Ohio Air National Guard in 1946, it was redesignated for the 166th Fighter Squadron. The emblem was updated in 1993 when the squadron was redesignated under its present designation.

